UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA NEW ALBANY DIVISION

DOUGLAS E. BAUMANN,)	
)	
Plain	tiff,)	
)	
VS.)	No. 4:16-cv-00128-TWP-DML
)	
AUREL BALASHI,)	
S.A. EXPRESS, INC.,)	
)	
Defe	ndants.	

ENTRY ON JURISDICTION

On July 6, 2016, the Plaintiff, Douglas E. Baumann, filed a Complaint which failed to allege all of the facts necessary to determine whether this Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this case. Specifically, the Complaint alleges that this Court has jurisdiction based upon diversity of citizenship, however, the Complaint fails to sufficiently allege the citizenship of the parties. Citizenship is the operative consideration for jurisdictional purposes. *See Meyerson v. Harrah's E. Chi. Casino*, 299 F.3d 616, 617 (7th Cir. 2002).

The Complaint alleges that the Plaintiff is a "resident" of Indiana. (Filing No. 1 at 1.) This allegation of residency is not sufficient to allow the Court to determine whether diversity jurisdiction exists. *See McHanon v. Bunn-O-Matic Corp.*, 150 F.3d 651, 653 (7th Cir. 1998) ("[a]n allegation of residence is inadequate"); *Meyerson*, 299 F.3d at 617 ("residence and citizenship are not synonyms and it is the latter that matters for purposes of the diversity jurisdiction"). In addition, the Complaint fails to allege the principal place of business of Defendant S.A. Express, Inc.

Further, the Complaint alleges the Defendants' citizenship "upon information and belief." (*Id.*) However, allegations made upon information and belief are not sufficient to allow the Court

to determine whether diversity jurisdiction exists. Instead, jurisdictional allegations must be made

on personal knowledge, not on information and belief, to invoke the subject matter jurisdiction of

a federal court. See Am.'s Best Inns, Inc. v. Best Inns of Abilene, L.P., 980 F.2d 1072, 1074 (7th

Cir. 1992) (only a statement about jurisdiction "made on personal knowledge has any value," and

a statement made "to the best of my knowledge and belief" is insufficient" to invoke diversity

jurisdiction "because it says nothing about citizenship"); Page v. Wright, 116 F.2d 449, 451 (7th

Cir. 1940) (an allegation of a party's citizenship for diversity purposes that is "made only upon

information and belief" is unsupported).

To remedy these deficiencies, the Plaintiff shall file a supplemental jurisdictional statement

to sufficiently establish this Court's jurisdiction over this case. The Plaintiff's statement must

accurately identify the citizenship of each party and remedy the basis for his jurisdictional

allegations. The Plaintiff's supplemental jurisdictional statement is due **fourteen (14) days** after

the date of this entry.

SO ORDERED.

Date: 7/18/2016

TANYA WALTON PRATT, JUDGE

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United States District Court

Southern District of Indiana

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